University of Science and Arts of Oklahoma

Financial Statements

June 30, 2020 (With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Table of Contents

Page
1 ugo

Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	i-vi
Financial Statements of the University of Science and Arts of Oklahoma:	
Statements of Net Position	4
Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	6
Statement of Cash Flows	8
Notes to Financial Statements	11
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of the University's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System)—Exhibit I	41
Schedule of the University's Contributions (Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System)—Exhibit II	42
Schedule of the University's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset (Supplemental Health Insurance Program—OTRS)—Exhibit III	43
Schedule of the University's Contributions (Supplemental Health Insurance Program—OTRS)—Exhibit IV	44
Information Required by <i>Government Auditing Standards</i> and <u>the Uniform Guidance</u> :	
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	45
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	47

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Table of Contents, Continued

	Page
Information Required by <i>Government Auditing Standards</i> and <u>the Uniform Guidance, Continued</u> :	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	49
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	50
Schedule of State Awards	51
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	52
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	54



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Regents University of Science and Arts of Oklahoma Chickasha, Oklahoma

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the University of Science and Arts of Oklahoma (the "University"), a component unit of the State of Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the University's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these basic financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of basic financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the University's discretely presented component unit, the University of Science and Arts of Oklahoma Foundation, Inc. (the "Foundation"). Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Foundation, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of the Foundation were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

(Continued)

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT, CONTINUED

Auditors' Responsibility, Continued

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the University's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the University and its discretely presented component unit, the Foundation, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages i - vi and the schedules of the University's pension and OPEB information as listed in the table of contents and on pages 41 to 44 respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplemental information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

(Continued)

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT, CONTINUED

Other Matters, Continued

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the University's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of state awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. In our opinion, the schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 30, 2020, on our consideration of the University's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the University's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Finlay + Cook, PLLC

Shawnee, Oklahoma October 30, 2020

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Discussion and analysis of the University of Science and Arts of Oklahoma's (the "University") financial performance provides an overview of the University's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2020. Please read it in conjunction with the University's financial statements, which begin on page 4.

Using the Annual Report

The annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The statements of net position; statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position; and statements of cash flows (starting on page 4) provide information about the activities of the University as a whole and present a long-term view of the University's finances.

Reporting the University as a Whole

One of the most important questions asked about University finances is, "Is the University as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The statements of net position and statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position report information about the University as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private sector companies.

These statements report the University's net position and changes in them. You can think of the University's net position – the difference between assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows – as one way to measure the University's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the University's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other non-financial factors, however, such as changes in enrollment trends and construction projects, to assess the overall health of the University.

The University as a Whole

The University's financial position remained strong, with assets and deferred outflows of \$35,295,947 and liabilities and deferred inflows of \$21,753,145 at June 30, 2020, compared to \$34,999,062 and \$22,167,971, respectively, at June 30, 2019. Net position, which represents the residual interest in the University's assets and deferred outflows of resources after liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are deducted, totaled \$13,542,802 at June 30, 2020, as compared to \$12,831,091 at June 30, 2019.

Net position for the University increased \$711,711 during fiscal year 2020 as compared to an increase of \$788,907 in fiscal year 2019.

Overall, operating revenues were down \$1,063,678 in tuition collections, auxiliary sales, and Federal and State Grants. Operating expenses are also up \$1,192,528 primarily in compensation and scholarships and fellowships, including CARES Act grants disbursed to the students. Furthermore, non-operating revenues increased \$2,759,767. Restricted state appropriations for capital purposes decreased \$64,327.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED

Summary Statement of Net Position

	2020	2019
Assets:		
Current assets	\$ 6,313,328	7,281,306
Capital assets, net	26,214,241	24,995,518
Other assets	 354,563	359,412
Total assets	 32,882,132	32,636,236
Deferred outflows of resources	 2,413,815	2,362,826
Liabilities:		
Current liabilities	1,400,066	1,469,809
Noncurrent liabilities	 19,152,672	19,070,918
Total liabilities	\$ 20,552,738	20,540,727
Deferred inflows of resources	\$ 1,200,407	1,627,244
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets	16,587,210	14,845,474
Restricted—expendable	2,268,218	1,774,204
Restricted—nonexpendable	357,847	362,716
Unrestricted deficit	 (5,670,473)	(4,151,303)
Total net position	\$ 13,542,802	12,831,091

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED

Summary Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Change in Net Position

	2020	2019
Operating revenues	\$ 8,897,910	9,961,588
Operating expenses	 20,610,869	19,418,341
Operating loss	(11,712,959)	(9,456,753)
Nonoperating revenues and expenses	11,249,102	8,489,335
Other revenues, expenses, gains, and losses	 1,175,568	1,756,325
Increase in net position	711,711	788,907
Net position, beginning of year	 12,831,091	12,042,184
Net position, end of year	\$ 13,542,802	12,831,091

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED

Capital Assets

	Balance June 30, 2019	Additions	<u>Disposals</u>	Balance June 30, 2020
Nondepreciable capital assets:				
Construction in progress	\$ -	166,371	-	166,371
Land	258,970			258,970
Total nondepreciable capital assets	258,970	166,371		425,341
Depreciable capital assets:				
Buildings	34,658,748	2,578,802	-	37,237,550
Infrastructure and improvements	3,924,377	15,000	-	3,939,377
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	10,809,597	360,606	-	11,170,203
Library materials	3,331,918			3,331,918
Total depreciable capital	52,724,640	2,954,408	_	55,679,048
assets				
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	15,933,229	1,317,867	-	17,251,096
Infrastructure and improvements	2,072,379	71,258	-	2,143,637
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	7,109,474	434,823	-	7,544,297
Library materials	2,873,010	78,108		2,951,118
Total accumulated depreciation	27,988,092	1,902,056		29,890,148
Capital assets, net	<u>\$ 24,995,518</u>	1,218,723		26,214,241

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED

Debt Service

Oklahoma Capital Improvement Authority Leases

During the year ending June 30, 1999, the Oklahoma Capital Improvement Authority (OCIA), an agency of the State of Oklahoma, entered into a lease agreement with the University to provide funding for various building and capital improvement projects. The lease agreement provides for the University to make specified monthly payments to OCIA over the respective terms of the agreements, which range from 5 to 20 years. These expenditures have been capitalized as investment in plant assets or recorded as noncapitalized expenditures, in accordance with university policy. This debt was refinanced during the year as a series 2014B bond issuance and was paid off during January 2020.

During 2005, the University entered into another lease agreement with OCIA which provides for monthly payments to OCIA of a variable amount based on estimated needs to fulfill the related obligations for 24 years through June 10, 2030, or until the OCIA leases and related interest are paid. During 2011, OCIA partially refunded their 2005F bonds and refinanced them as 2010A/B bond issuances. The result of this refinance increased the debt owed on the University's leases in the amount of \$484,236. This amount will be amortized over the remaining life of the loan or \$25,486 per year. The purpose of the refinance was to help provide budgetary relief for OCIA. The proceeds of the bonds and subsequent leases are to provide capital improvements at the University. These expenditures have been capitalized as investment in plant assets or recorded as noncapitalized expenditures, in accordance with university policy.

The OCIA made lease principal and interest payments totaling \$158,713 on behalf of the University. These on-behalf payments have been recorded as revenue in the University's statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED

Debt Service, Continued

Oklahoma Development Finance Authority Master Lease Program

During the year ending June 30, 2012, the Oklahoma Development Finance Authority (ODFA), an agency of the State of Oklahoma, entered into a master lease agreement with the University to provide financing for the purchase of Lawson Court from the USAOF, LLC. Interest on the agreement varies from 3.625% to 4.200%. The University is making monthly, annually escalating payments through 2032 under the lease agreement.

	 Princ	ipal		_		
	OCIA	C	DFA			Total
	Lease	Ī	Lease		Interest	Payments [Variable]
2021	\$ -		520,321		387,718	908,039
2022	-		535,321		373,805	909,126
2023	234,200		545,321		358,818	1,138,339
2024	246,104		560,321		330,883	1,137,308
2025	252,438		585,321		298,227	1,135,986
2026-2030	1,447,246	3,	236,605		965,974	5,649,825
2031-2032	 332,413	1,	386,281	_	99,221	 1,817,915
	\$ 2,512,401	7,	369,491	_	2,814,646	 12,696,538

The scheduled principal and interest payments related to these leases are as follows:

Economic Factors and Subsequent Events

The Oklahoma State Regents of Higher Education accepted a Mission Enhancement Plan (MEP) proposed by the University that recognizes the unique public liberal arts mission of the University. As the first step, the State Regents approved a five-year plan to increase entrance requirements from an ACT of 20 to 24. This change has created a student body that should persist to graduation at a greater rate and achieved a first-year retention rate of 68% from Fall 2019 to Fall 2020. The University continues to seek permanent funding for the MEP from the State Regents.

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors with a general overview of the University's finances and to show the University's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the University of Science and Arts of Oklahoma's Office of Fiscal Affairs at 1727 West Alabama, Chickasha, Oklahoma 73018.

The University of Science and Arts of Oklahoma Foundation, Inc. is a component unit of the University and issues its own separate financial statements. These financial statements can be located at the Office of Fiscal Affairs at 1727 West Alabama, Chickasha, Oklahoma 73018.

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2020

		<u>University</u>	USAO Foundation
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,644,534	818,994
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		2,248,248	-
Accounts and contracts receivable, net		420,546	-
Inventories		-	4,500
Total current assets		6,313,328	823,494
Noncurrent assets:			
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		265,029	-
Restricted net OPEB asset		89,534	-
Investments		-	22,142,471
Capital assets, net		26,214,241	-
Total noncurrent assets		26,568,804	22,142,471
Total assets		32,882,132	22,965,965
Deferred outflows of resources:	. <u> </u>	2,413,815	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources		35,295,947	22,965,965

(Continued)

See Independent Auditors' Report.

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION, CONTINUED

June 30, 2020

June 30, 2020			
		rt • •/	USAO
	-	<u>University</u>	Foundation
Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable		161,563	6,542
Accrued expenses		516,582	-
Fund invested for USAO Alumni Association		-	170,805
Current maturities of capital leases		520,321	397,682
Student deposits		74,000	-
Accrued compensated absences		127,600	
Total current liabilities		1,400,066	575,029
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Accrued compensated absences		211,149	-
Net pension liability		9,579,952	_
Capital leases-less current portion		- , ,	1,185,697
OCIA capital lease obligation		2,512,401	-
ODFA capital lease		6,849,170	-
Total noncurrent liabilities		19,152,672	1,185,697
Total liabilities		20,552,738	1,760,726
Deferred inflows of resources:		1,200,407	-
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		21,753,145	1,760,726
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets		16,587,210	-
Restricted for:			
Nonexpendable:			
Scholarships		357,847	9,288,296
Expendable:			
OPEB		43,961	-
Debt service		87,087	-
Capital projects		1,749,704	-
Scholarships, research, instruction, and other		318,639	3,419,257
Loans		68,827	-
Unrestricted (deficit) surplus		(5,670,473)	8,497,686
Total net position	\$	13,542,802	21,205,239

See Independent Auditors' Report.

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Year Ended June 30, 2020

University	Foundation
\$ 3,751,164	-
3,178,581	104,728
771,780	-
995,601	-
 200,784	140,002
 8,897,910	244,730
11,211,775	-
6,173,030	-
1,902,056	-
903,986	1,099,790
420,022	7,061,377
 20,610,869	8,161,167
 (11,712,959)	(7,916,437)
\$	3,178,581 771,780 995,601 200,784 8,897,910 11,211,775 6,173,030 1,902,056 903,986 420,022 20,610,869

(Continued)

See Independent Auditors' Report.

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION, CONTINUED

Year Ended June 30, 2020

	<u>University</u>	USAO Foundation
Non-operating revenues (expenses):		
State appropriations	5,830,377	-
Federal grant—non-operating	2,532,008	-
On-behalf contributions for OTRS	497,529	-
Gifts and contributions	2,548,548	1,859,937
Investment income	225,117	1,514,476
Oil and gas income	52,279	-
Interest costs	(436,756)	-
Net non-operating revenues	11,249,102	3,374,413
Loss before other revenues, expenses,		
gains, and losses	(463,857)	(4,542,024)
State appropriations restricted for capital purposes	1,016,855	-
OCIA on-behalf appropriations	158,713	-
Change in net position	711,711	(4,542,024)
Net position at beginning of year	12,831,091	26,312,258
Adjustment to net position	-	(564,995)
Net position at beginning of year, restated	12,831,091	25,747,263
Net position at end of year	\$ 13,542,802	21,205,239

See Independent Auditors' Report.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

		University
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Tuition and student fees	\$	3,715,912
Federal and state grants and contracts		1,717,381
Auxiliary enterprises sales and services		3,155,767
Other operating receipts		200,784
Scholarships		(903,986)
Payments to suppliers		(6,631,884)
Payments to employees		(10,561,696)
Net cash used in operating activities		(9,307,722)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		
State appropriations		5,830,377
Non-operating federal grants		2,532,008
Other Gifts and contributions		2,548,548
Direct loan receipts		2,422,908
Direct loan disbursements		(2,422,908)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		10,910,933
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Purchase of capital assets		(3,120,779)
Principal paid on capital leases and bonds		(520,000)
Interest paid on capital leases and bonds		(281,057)
Capital appropriations received		1,016,855
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(2,904,981)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Investment income		225,117
Oil and gas income		52,279
Net cash provided by investing activities		277,396
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(1,024,374)
Cash and cash equivalents, at beginning of year		7,182,185
Cash and cash equivalents, at end of year	<u>\$</u>	6,157,811
		(Continued)

See Independent Auditors' Report. See accompanying notes to financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS, CONTINUED

Year Ended June 30, 2020

		University
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Operating loss	\$	(11,712,959)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to	Ψ	(11,712,999)
net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation		1,902,056
On-behalf payments		497,529
Changes in assets and liabilities:		Ŧ <i>J1,52J</i>
Receivables, net		(58,067)
Restricted net OPEB asset		6,520
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(70,048)
Deferred inflows		(426,837)
Deferred outflows		(76,475)
Net pension liability		596,445
Accrued compensated absences		34,114
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>\$</u>	(9,307,722)
Noncash capital and related financing activities:		
State appropriations for on-behalf payments	\$	158,713
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to the		
statement of net position:		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,644,534
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		2,248,248
Noncurrent assets:		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		265,029
	\$	6,157,811

See Independent Auditors' Report.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS, CONTINUED

Year Ended June 30, 2020

Cash flows from operating activities: Revenue collected:	USAO Foundation
Grants and donations Program revenues Interest and dividends Sale of investments	\$ 1,765,297 244,730 895,177 493,151
Payments for expenses: Program expenses Administrative and fundraising Net cash used in operating activities	 (7,973,704) (84,540) (4,659,889)
Cash flows from investing activities: Sale of investments Net cash provided by investing activities	 4,017,736 4,017,736
Cash flows from financing activities: Proceeds from capital leases Principal paid on capital leases Net cash provided by financing activities	 1,160,758 (142,373) 1,018,385
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	376,232
Cash and cash equivalents, at beginning of year	 442,762
Cash and cash equivalents, at end of year	\$ 818,994
Reconciliation of change in net position to net cash provided by operating activities: Change in net position Adjustments to reconcile change in net position to	\$ (4,542,024)
net cash provided by operating activities: Unrealized gains on investments Increase (decrease) in funds invested in USAO Alumni Assoc.	 (126,148) 8,283
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (4,659,889)

See Independent Auditors' Report. See accompanying notes to financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020

(1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>

Nature of Operations

The University of Science and Arts of Oklahoma (the "University") is a 4-year, state-supported university operating under the jurisdiction of the Board of Regents of the University of Science and Arts of Oklahoma (the "Board of Regents") and the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education and is a component unit of the State of Oklahoma and is included in the general-purpose financial statements of the State of Oklahoma as part of the higher education component unit. The University is accredited by the North Central Association of University's and Schools. Federally funded student financial aid programs in which the University participates include the Federal Pell Grant, Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant, Federal Work Study, Federal Perkins Loans, and Federal Direct Student Loans.

Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity, as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units*, and GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and 34*, consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion could cause the financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The University of Science and Arts of Oklahoma Foundation, Inc., (the "Foundation") is reported as a legally separate, tax-exempt component unit of the University. The Foundation provides support for the University through donor support for scholarships, capital projects, and other activities. Scholarships awarded by the Foundation are remitted to the University after the University pays the award recipient. The Foundation's 25-member Board of Trustees is selfperpetuating and consists of graduates and friends of the University. Although the University does not control the timing or amount of receipts from the Foundation, the majority of resources that the Foundation holds and invests are restricted to the activities of the University by the donors. Because these restricted resources held by the Foundation can only be used for the benefit of the University, the Foundation is considered a component unit of the University and is discretely presented in the University's financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED</u>

Reporting Entity, Continued

The Foundation is a private nonprofit organization that reports under the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) *Accounting Standards Codification* (ASC) Topic 958, "Not-for-profit Entities." As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features are different from GASB revenue recognition criteria and presentation features. No modifications have been made to the Foundation's financial information in the University's financial reporting entity for these differences. Additional disclosures for the Foundation are presented in Note 14.

Financial Statement Presentation

The University's financial statements are presented in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments* (GASB 34), and GASB Statement No. 35, *Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for Public Colleges and Universities* (GASB 35).

Under GASB 34 and GASB 35, the University is required to present a statement of net position classified between current and noncurrent assets and liabilities; a statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position with separate presentation for operating and non-operating revenues and expenses; and a statement of cash flows using the direct method.

Basis of Accounting

For financial reporting purposes, the University is considered a special-purpose government engaged only in business-type activities. Accordingly, the University's financial statements have been presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when an obligation has been incurred. All significant intra-agency transactions have been eliminated.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED</u>

Deposits and Investments

The University accounts for its investments, outside of the State Treasurer's cash management program, at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures* (GASB 40), the University has disclosed its deposit and investment policies related to the risks identified in GASB 40. Changes in unrealized gains (losses) on the carrying values of investments are reported as a component of investment income in the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. Investments that are externally restricted to make debt service payments, maintain sinking or reserve funds, or purchase capital or other noncurrent assets are classified as restricted assets in the statements of net position.

As noted above, investments are recorded at fair value, as determined by quoted market prices. In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) authoritative guidance on fair value measurements and disclosures, the University's investments measured and reported at fair value are classified according to the following hierarchal input levels:

Level 1—Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets.

Level 2—Quoted prices for similar assets, or inputs that are observable or other forms of market corroborated inputs.

Level 3—Pricing based on best available information, including primarily unobservable inputs and assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset.

In addition to the above three levels, if an investment does not have a readily determined fair value, the investment can be measured using net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent). Investments valued at NAV are categorized as NAV and not listed as Level 1, 2, or 3. At June 30, 2020, the University had no investments.

Cash Equivalents and Investment Income

The University considers all liquid investments with original maturities of 3 months or less to be cash equivalents. Investment income consists primarily of interest earned on these cash equivalents.

Restricted Cash

Cash and investments that are externally restricted to make debt service payments, maintain sinking or reserve funds, make long-term student loans, or to purchase capital or other noncurrent assets, are classified as restricted cash in the statements of net position.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED</u>

Accounts and Contracts Receivable

The University's accounts receivable primarily relate to tuition and fee charges to students and to auxiliary enterprise services provided to students, faculty and staff. Other receivables relate to reimbursements of expenditures from various federal, state, and private sources. Receivables are carried at original amounts less an estimate made for doubtful receivables based on a review of all outstanding amounts. Management determines the allowance for doubtful accounts by identifying troubled accounts and by using historical experience applied to an aging of accounts. Receivables are written-off when deemed uncollectible. Recoveries of receivables previously written-off are recorded as revenue when received.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost on the date of acquisition or fair value if acquired by gift, net of accumulated depreciation. The University's capitalization policy includes all items with a unit cost of \$2,500 or more, and an estimated useful life of greater than 1 year. Renovations to buildings, infrastructure and land improvements that significantly increase the value or extend the useful life of the structure are capitalized. Routine repairs and maintenance are charged to operating expense in the year in which the expense was incurred. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of each asset. The following estimated useful lives are being used by the University:

Land improvements	20 years
Buildings	45 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	5 years
Infrastructure	30 years
Library materials	15 years

Compensated Absences

Employees with over 5 years of employment with the University are allowed to accumulate up to 480 hours of vacation time. Employees with less than 5 years of employment are allowed to accumulate up to 240 hours of vacation time. The liability for vacation time is recorded at year-end as accrued compensated absences in the statements of net position, and as a component of compensation and benefit expense in the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

Noncurrent Liabilities

Noncurrent liabilities include (1) principal amounts of revenue bonds payable and capital lease obligations with contractual maturities greater than 1 year, (2) estimated amounts for accrued compensated absences and other liabilities that will not be paid within the next fiscal year, and (3) net pension liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED</u>

Income taxes

The University, as a component unit of the State of Oklahoma, is exempt from federal and state income taxes under Section 115(1) of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC), as amended, and a similar provision of state law.

Net Position

The University's net position is classified as follows:

Net investment in capital assets: This represents the University's total investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of net investment in capital assets.

Restricted—nonexpendable: Nonexpendable restricted net position consist of endowment and similar type funds in which donors or other outside sources have stipulated, as a condition of the gift instrument, that the principal is to be maintained inviolate and in perpetuity, and invested for the purpose of producing present and future income, which may either be expended or added to principal.

Restricted—expendable: Restricted expendable net position include resources in which the University is legally or contractually obligated to spend resources in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties.

Unrestricted: Unrestricted net position represent resources derived from student tuition and fees, state appropriations, and sales and services of educational departments and auxiliary enterprises. These resources are used for transactions relating to the educational and general operations of the University, and may be used at the discretion of the governing board to meet current expenses for any purpose. These resources also include auxiliary enterprises, which are substantially self-supporting activities that provide services for students, faculty and staff.

When an expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the University's policy is to first apply the expense towards restricted resources, and then towards unrestricted resources.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED</u>

Classification of Revenues

The University has classified its revenues as either operating or nonoperating revenues according to the following criteria:

Operating revenues: Operating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of exchange transactions, such as (1) student tuition and fees, net of scholarship discounts and allowances, (2) sales and services of auxiliary enterprises, net of scholarship discounts and allowances, (3) certain federal, state, and local grants and contracts and federal appropriations, and (4) interest on institutional student loans.

Nonoperating revenues: Nonoperating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of nonexchange transactions, such as gifts and contributions, and other revenue sources that are defined as nonoperating revenues by GASB No. 9, *Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting*, and GASB No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local* Governments, such as state appropriations and investment income.

Scholarship Discounts and Allowances

Student tuition and fee revenues, and certain other revenues from students, are reported net of scholarship discounts and allowances in the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. Scholarship discounts and allowances are the difference between the stated charge for goods and services provided by the University, and the amount that is paid by students and/or third parties making payments on the students' behalf. Certain governmental grants, such as Pell grants, and other federal, state or nongovernmental programs, are recorded as either operating revenues from such programs are used to satisfy tuition and fees and other student charges, the University has recorded a scholarship discount and allowance.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources are the consumption of net position by the University that are applicable to a future reporting period. As of June 30, 2020, the University's deferred outflows were comprised of deferred charges on an OCIA lease restructure of \$254,861 and \$2,145,554 related to pensions as required by GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an amendment of GASB Statement No.* 27, and GASB Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date—an amendment of GASB Statement No.* 68 and \$13,400 related to OPEB as required by GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions* (GASB 75).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED</u>

Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources are the acquisition of net position by the University that are applicable to a future reporting period. As of June 30, 2020, the University's deferred inflows were comprised of deferred credits on service contracts of \$50,000 and \$1,150,407 related to pension and OPEB as required by GASB No. 68 and GASB 75.

Pensions and Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, net OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, information about the fiduciary net position of the Oklahoma Teachers Retirement System (OTRS) and additions to/deductions from OTRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OTRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

New Accounting Pronouncements

New Accounting Pronouncements Adopted

In May 2020, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance* (GASB 95). GASB 95 provides temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic. That objective is accomplished by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in Statements and Implementation Guides that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018, and later.

New Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted

In January 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities* (GASB 84). GASB 84 improves guidance regarding the recognition and reporting of fiduciary activities. GASB 84 identifies four types of reportable fiduciary fund types, including 1) pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, 2) investment trust funds, 3) private-purpose trust funds, and 4) custodial funds. GASB 84 outlines the accounting and disclosure requirements for operating structures that qualify as a fiduciary activity. The University will adopt GASB 84 effective July 1, 2020, for the June 30, 2021, reporting year. The University does not expect GASB 84 to have a significant impact on the financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED</u>

New Accounting Pronouncements, Continued

New Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted, Continued

In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases* (GASB 87). GASB 87 defines a lease as a contract that conveys control of the right to use another entity's nonfinancial asset (the underlying asset) as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. GASB 87 improves accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under GASB 87, a lesse is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Earlier application is encouraged. The University has not determined the impact of GASB 87 on the financial statements.

In August 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interest* (GASB 90). GASB 90 improves the consistency and comparability of reporting government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. The University will adopt GASB 90 effective July 1, 2020, for the June 30, 2021, reporting year. The University does not expect GASB 90 to have a significant impact on the financial statements.

In May 2019, GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations* (GASB 91). GASB 91 provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminates diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligation, and (3) related note disclosures. The University will adopt GASB 91 effective July 1, 2021, for the June 30, 2022, reporting year. The University does not expect GASB 91 to have a significant impact on the financial statements.

In January 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020* (GASB 92). GASB 92 enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics and includes specific provisions. The University will adopt GASB 92 effective July 1, 2021, for the June 30, 2022, reporting year. The University does not expect GASB 92 to have a significant impact on the financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED</u>

New Accounting Pronouncements, Continued

New Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted, Continued

In March 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates* (GASB 93). GASB 93 is to address other accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of interbank offered rates. The University will adopt GASB 93 effective July 1, 2022, for the June 30, 2023, reporting year. The University does not expect GASB 93 to have a significant impact on the financial statements.

In March 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements* (GASB 94). GASB 94 is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). As used in this Statement, a PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. The University will adopt GASB 94 effective July 1, 2022, for the June 30, 2023, reporting year. The University does not expect GASB 94 to have a significant impact on the financial statements.

In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements* (GASB 96). GASB 96 provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a rightto-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. The University will adopt GASB 96 effective July 1, 2022, for the June 30, 2023, reporting year. The University has not determined the impact of GASB 96 on the financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED</u>

New Accounting Pronouncements, Continued

New Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted, Continued

In June 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 97, *Certain Component Unit Criteria and Accounting Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32* (GASB 97). GASB 97 objectives are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The University will adopt GASB 97 effective July 1, 2021, for the June 30, 2022, reporting year. The University has not determined the impact of GASB 97 on the financial statements.

(2) <u>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</u>

Custodial Credit Risk—Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the University's deposits may not be returned to it. The University's deposit policy for custodial credit risk is described as follows:

Oklahoma Statutes require the State Treasurer to ensure that all state funds either be insured by Federal Deposit Insurance, collateralized by securities held by the cognizant Federal Reserve Bank, or invested in U.S. government obligations. The University's deposits with the State Treasurer are pooled with the funds of other State agencies and then, in accordance with statutory limitations, placed in financial institutions or invested as the Treasurer may determine, in the State's name.

The University requires that balances on deposit with financial institutions be insured by Federal Deposit Insurance or collateralized by securities held by the cognizant Federal Reserve Bank, or invested in U.S. Government obligations, in the University's name.

The carrying amount and related bank balances of the University's deposits held by the State Treasurer was \$5,597,426 at June 30, 2020.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(2) <u>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</u>

Custodial Credit Risk—Deposits, Continued

Some deposits with the State Treasurer are placed in the State Treasurer's internal investment pool *OK INVEST. OK INVEST* pools the resources of all state funds and agencies and invests them in (a) U.S. treasury securities which are explicitly backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government; (b) U.S. agency securities which carry an implicit guarantee of the full faith and credit of the U.S. government; (c) money market mutual funds which participates in investments, either directly or indirectly, in securities issued by the U.S. treasury and/or agency and repurchase agreements relating to such securities; and (d) investments related to tri-party repurchase agreements which are collateralized at 102% and, whereby, the collateral is held by a third-party in the name of the State Treasurer.

Of funds on deposit with the State Treasurer, amounts invested in *OK INVEST* total \$4,380,111 at June 30, 2020.

For financial reporting purposes, deposits with the State Treasurer that are invested in *OK INVEST* are classified as cash equivalents. At June 30, 2020, the distribution in *OK INVEST* was as follows:

OK INVEST Portfolio	<u>Cost</u>	Market Value
U.S. agency securities	\$ 988,120	1,000,968
Money market mutual fund	222,377	222,377
Certificates of Deposit	62,911	62,911
Mortgage-backed securities	1,583,883	1,654,331
Municipal bonds	5,465	5,651
Foreign bonds	44,297	44,262
U.S. Treasury obligations	 1,355,666	1,389,610
	\$ 4,262,719	4,380,110

Agencies and funds that are considered to be part of the State's reporting entity in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report are allowed to participate in *OK INVEST*. Oklahoma statutes and the State Treasurer establish the primary objectives and guidelines governing the investment of funds in *OK INVEST*. Safety, liquidity, and return on investment are the objectives which establish the framework for the day to day *OK INVEST* management with an emphasis on safety of the capital and the probable income to be derived and meeting the State and its funds and agencies' daily cash flow requirements. Guidelines in the State Treasurer's Investment Policy address credit quality requirements, diversification percentages and specify the types and maturities of allowable investments. The specifics regarding these policies can be found on the State Treasurer's website at <u>http://www.treasurerstate.ok.us/</u>. The State Treasurer, at his discretion, may further limit or restrict such investments on a day to day basis. *OK INVEST* includes a substantial investment in securities with an overnight maturity as well as in U.S. government securities with a maturity of up to 10 years. *OK INVEST* maintains an overall weighted average maturity of no more than 4 years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(2) <u>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, CONTINUED</u>

Custodial Credit Risk—Deposits, Continued

Participants in *OK INVEST* maintain an interest in its underlying investments and, accordingly, may be exposed to certain risks. As stated in the State Treasurer information statement, the main risks are interest rate risk, credit/default risk, liquidity risk, and U.S. government securities risk.

- *Credit/default risk* is the risk that an issuer or guarantor of a security, or a bank or other financial institution that has entered into a repurchase agreement, may default on its payment obligations.
- *Liquidity risk* is the risk that *OK INVEST* will be unable to pay redemption proceeds within the stated time period because of unusual market conditions, an unusually high volume of redemption requests, or other reasons.
- U.S. governmental securities risk is the risk that the U.S. government will not provide financial support to U.S. government agencies, instrumentalities, or sponsored enterprises if it is not obligated to do so by law. Various investment restrictions and limitations are enumerated in the State Treasurer's Investment Policy to mitigate those risks; however, any interest in *OK INVEST* is not insured or guaranteed by the State, the FDIC, or any other government agency.

Interest Rate Risk

The University does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Cash equivalents on deposit with trustees at June 30, 2020, totaled \$87,087 and consisted of U.S. government securities money market mutual funds held by trustees in a reserve fund and a principal and interest fund related to capital lease payables. There are no significant differences between cost and market value. These mutual funds are not classifiable by custodial credit risk category as they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

Cash equivalents on deposit with the Oklahoma State Regents' Endowment Trust fund at June 30, 2020, totaled \$290,273. The Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education holds for the University endowed gifts totaling \$3,273,859. Any earnings distributed are to be used for the University's activities associated with the endowment program.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(2) <u>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, CONTINUED</u>

Interest Rate Risk, Continued

At June 30, 2020, the remaining cash balances consisted of deposits of \$179,875 at investment companies and \$3,150 of petty cash funds held at the University.

The above cash and cash equivalents are included in the June 30, 2020, statements of net position as follows:

Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,644,534
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	2,248,248
Noncurrent assets:	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	 265,029
	\$ 6,157,811

(3) <u>ACCOUNTS AND CONTRACTS RECEIVABLE</u>

Accounts and contracts receivable consisted of the following at June 30, 2020:

Student tuition and fees	\$ 1,366,775
Auxiliary enterprises and other operating activities	 735,955
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts	 2,102,730 (1,682,184)
	\$ 420,546

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(4) LOANS RECEIVABLE

Student loans made through the Federal Perkins Loans Program (the "Program") comprise all of the loans receivable at June 30, 2020.

The Program provides for cancellation of a note at rates of 15% to 30% per year up to a maximum of 100% if the participant complies with certain provisions. The federal government reimburses the University's loan funds for amounts cancelled under these provisions.

As the University determines loans are uncollectible and not eligible for reimbursement by the federal government, the loans are written off and assigned to the U.S. Department of Education.

The University had a \$68,828 loan balance outstanding at June 30, 2020. The University provided an allowance for uncollectible loans which, in management's opinion, is sufficient to absorb loans that will ultimately be written off. The allowance for uncollectible loans was \$68,828 at June 30, 2020.

(5) <u>FUNDS HELD IN TRUST BY OTHERS</u>

Beneficial Interest in State School Land Funds

The University has a beneficial interest in the "Section Thirteen Fund State Educational Institutions" and the "New University Fund," administered by the Commissioners of the Land Office, as trustees for the various educational institutions entitled thereto. The University has the right to receive annually approximately 3.75% of the distributions of income produced by "Section Thirteen Fund State Educational Institutions" assets and 100% of the distributions of income produced by the University's "New University Fund." The University received \$1,016,855 during the year ended June 30, 2020, which is restricted to the construction or acquisition of buildings, equipment, or other capital items. These amounts are recorded as state appropriations restricted for capital purposes in the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. State law prohibits the distribution of any corpus of these funds to the beneficiaries. The total trust reserve for the University held in trust by the Commissioners of the Land Office, on the market value basis, was \$18,997,021 at June 30, 2020.

Oklahoma State Regents Endowment Trust Fund

In connection with the Oklahoma State Regents' Endowment Program (the "Endowment Program"), the State of Oklahoma has matched contributions received under the Endowment Program. The State match amounts, plus any retained accumulated earnings, totaled \$3,273,859 and is invested by the Oklahoma State Regents on behalf of the University. The University is entitled to receive an annual distribution of 5% of the market value at year end on these funds. As legal title of the State Regents matching endowment funds is retained by the Oklahoma State Regents, only the funds available for distribution of \$290,273 have been reflected as assets in the statements of net position as of June 30, 2020.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(6) <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

A summary of the changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2020, is as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2019	Additions	<u>Disposals</u>	Balance June 30, 2020
Nondepreciable capital assets:				
Construction in progress	\$ -	166,371	-	166,371
Land	258,970			258,970
Total nondepreciable capital assets	258,970	166,371		425,341
Capital assets				
Depreciable capital assets:				
Buildings	34,658,748	2,578,802	-	37,237,550
Infrastructure and improvements	3,924,377	15,000	-	3,939,377
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	10,809,597	360,606	-	11,170,203
Library materials	3,331,918			3,331,918
Total depreciable capital assets	52,724,640	2,954,408		55,679,048
455015				
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	15,933,229	1,317,867	-	17,251,096
Infrastructure and improvements	2,072,379	71,258	-	2,143,637
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	7,109,474	434,823	-	7,544,297
Library materials	2,873,010	78,108		2,951,118
Total accumulated depreciation	27,988,092	1,902,056		29,890,148
approximition				
Capital assets, net	\$ 24,995,518	1,218,723		26,214,241

At June 30, 2020, the cost and related accumulated depreciation of assets held under capital lease obligations was as follows:

	Buildings	Infrastructure	<u>Equipment</u>	<u>Total</u>
Cost Less:	\$ 16,205,318	1,269,950	3,977,079	21,452,347
Accumulated depreciation	(6,287,177)	(1,142,955)	(3,910,020)	(11,340,152)
	<u>\$ 9,918,141</u>	126,995	67,059	10,112,195

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(7) <u>LONG-TERM LIABILITIES</u>

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2020, is as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2019	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2020	Amounts Due Within <u>One Year</u>
Capital leases Accrued	\$ 10,430,392	-	(548,500)	9,881,892	520,321
compensated absences	304,635	161,714	(127,600)	338,749	127,600
Total long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 10,735,027</u>	161,714	(676,100)	10,220,641	647,921

Additional information regarding capital lease obligations is included in Note 8.

(8) <u>CAPITAL LEASES</u>

Oklahoma Capital Improvement Authority Leases

During the year ending June 30, 1999, the Oklahoma Capital Improvement Authority (OCIA), an agency of the State of Oklahoma, entered into a lease agreement, bond series 1999, with the University to provide funding for various building and capital improvement projects. The lease agreement provides for the University to make specified monthly payments to OCIA over the respective terms of the agreements, which range from 5 to 20 years. These expenditures have been capitalized as investment in plant assets or recorded as noncapitalized expenditures, in accordance with the University's policy. In 2004, the OCIA issued bond series 2004A that refunds a significant portion of the 1999 bonds. In 2015, the University's remaining 2004A lease agreement with OCIA was restructured through a complete refunding of the series 2004A bonds. OCIA issued new bonds, series 2014B, to accomplish the refunding. The 2014B bonds were paid off during January 2020.

During 2005, the University entered into another lease agreement with OCIA, the series 2005F, which provides for monthly payments to OCIA of a variable amount based on estimated needs to fulfill the related obligations for 24 years through June 10, 2030, or until the OCIA leases and related interest are paid. During 2011, OCIA partially refunded their 2005F bonds and refinanced them as 2010A/B bond issuances. The result of this refinance increased the debt owed on the University's leases in the amount of \$484,236. This amount will be amortized over the remaining life of the loan or \$25,486 per year. The purpose of the refinance was to help provide budgetary relief for OCIA. During 2014, OCIA partially refunded their 2005F bonds and refinanced them as 2014A bond issuances. The proceeds of the bonds and subsequent leases are to provide capital improvements at the University. These expenditures have been capitalized as investment in plant assets or recorded as noncapitalized expenditures, in accordance with the University's policy.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(8) <u>CAPITAL LEASES, CONTINUED</u>

Oklahoma Capital Improvement Authority Leases, Continued

The State of Oklahoma made lease principal and interest payments totaling \$158,713 on behalf of the University to OCIA. These on-behalf payments have been recorded as revenue in the University's statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

Oklahoma Development Finance Authority Master Lease Program

During the year ending June 30, 2012, the Oklahoma Development Finance Authority (ODFA), an agency of the State of Oklahoma, entered into a master lease agreement, the series 2011F, with the University to provide financing for the purchase of Lawson Court from the USAOF, LLC. Interest on the agreement varies from 3.625% to 4.200%. The University is making monthly, annually escalating payments through 2032 under the lease agreement.

The scheduled principal and interest payments related to these leases at June 30, 2020, are as follows:

	Principal				
		OCIA	ODFA		Total
		Lease	Lease	<u>Interest</u>	Payments
2021	.		500 001	205 510	
2021	\$	-	520,321	387,718	908,039
2022		-	535,321	373,805	909,126
2023		234,200	545,321	358,818	1,138,339
2024		246,104	560,321	330,883	1,137,308
2025		252,438	585,321	298,227	1,135,986
2026–2030		1,447,246	3,236,605	965,974	5,649,825
2031-2032		332,413	1,386,281	99,221	1,817,915
	\$	2,512,401	7,369,491	2,814,646	12,696,538
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(9) <u>EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PROGRAMS</u>

Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System

Substantially all of the University's academic and nonacademic personnel are covered by the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System (OTRS), which is a State of Oklahoma public employee retirement system. Certain eligible employees also participate in a 403(b) defined contribution benefit plan. The University does not maintain the accounting records of, hold the investments for, or administer the OTRS plan.

Plan Description—The University, as the employer, participates in the Oklahoma Teachers Retirement Plan—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Oklahoma Teachers Retirement System (OTRS or the "System"). Title 70 O. S. Sec. 17-105 define all retirement benefits. The authority to establish and amend benefit provisions rests with the State Legislature. OTRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <u>www.ok.gov/TRS</u>.

Benefits Provided—OTRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to members of the plan. Benefit provisions include:

- Members become 100% vested in retirement benefits earned to date after 5 years of credited Oklahoma service. Members who joined the System on June 30, 1992, or prior are eligible to retire at maximum benefits when age and years of creditable service total 80. Members joining the System after June 30, 1992, are eligible for maximum benefits when their age and years of creditable service total 90. Members whose age and service do not equal the eligible limit may receive reduced benefits as early as age 55, and at age 62 receive unreduced benefits based on their years of service. The maximum retirement benefit is equal to 2% of final compensation for each year of credited service.
- Final compensation for members who joined the System prior to July 1, 1992, is defined as the average salary for the 3 highest years of compensation. Final compensation for members joining the System after June 30, 1992, is defined as the average of the highest 5 consecutive years of annual compensation in which contributions have been made. The final average compensation is limited for service credit accumulated prior to July 1, 1995, to \$40,000 or \$25,000, depending on the member's election. Monthly benefits are 1/12 of this amount. Service credits accumulated after June 30, 1995, are calculated based on each member's final average compensation, except for certain employees of the 2 comprehensive universities. Upon the death of a member who has not yet retired, the designated beneficiary shall receive the member's total contributions plus 100% of interest earned through the end of the fiscal year, with interest rates varying based on time of service. A surviving spouse of a qualified member may elect to receive, in lieu of the aforementioned benefits, the retirement benefit the member was entitled to at the time of death as provided under the Joint Survivor Benefit Option.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(9) <u>EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PROGRAMS, CONTINUED</u>

Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, Continued

Benefits Provided, Continued —

- Upon the death of a retired member, the System will pay \$5,000 to the designated beneficiary, in addition to the benefits provided for the retirement option selected by the member.
- A member is eligible for disability benefits after 10 years of credited Oklahoma service. The disability benefit is equal to 2% of final average compensation for the applicable years of credited service.
- Upon separation from the System, members' contributions are refundable with interest based on certain restrictions provided in the plan, or by the IRC.
- Members may elect to make additional contributions to a tax-sheltered annuity program up to the exclusion allowance provided under the IRC under Section 403(b).

Contributions—The contributions requirements of the Plan are at an established rate determine by Oklahoma Statute, amended by the Oklahoma Legislature, and are not based on actuarial calculations. Employees are required to contribute 7% of their annual pay. Participating employers are required to contribute 9.5% of the employees' annual pay and an additional 7.70% for any employees' salaries covered by federal funds. A portion of the contributions received by OTRS are allocated to the supplemental health insurance program; see Note 10. Contributions to the pension plan from the University were \$671,569 for the year ended June 30, 2020. The State of Oklahoma also made on-behalf contributions to OTRS, of which \$497,529 was recognized by the University; these on-behalf payments did not meet the criteria of a special funding situation.

Pension Liability, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension—At June 30, 2020, the University reported a liability of \$9,579,952 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The University's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the University's contributions received by the pension plan relative to the total contributions received by the pension plan for all participating employers for the year ended June 30, 2019. Based upon this information, the University's proportion was 0.1448%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(9) <u>EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PROGRAMS, CONTINUED</u>

Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, Continued

Pension Liability, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension, Continued—

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the University recognized pension expense of \$1,331,241. At June 30, 2020, the University reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
	<u>of</u>	Resources	of Resources	
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	\$	491,776	410,529	
Changes of assumptions		502,967	323,303	
Net difference between projected and				
actual earnings on pension plan investments		64,971	-	
Changes in University's proportionate share of				
contributions	6,962		371,002	
Differences between University contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions	407,309		-	
University contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date	671,569			
	\$	2,145,554	1,104,834	

The \$671,569 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from University contributions subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (benefit) as follows:

Year ended June 30,	
2021	\$ 346,690
2022	(189,543)
2023	(29,981)
2024	207,495
2025	 34,490
	\$ 369,151

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(9) <u>EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PROGRAMS, CONTINUED</u>

Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, Continued

Actuarial Assumptions—The net pension liability as of June 30, 2020, was determined based on an actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2019, using the following actuarial assumptions:

- Actuarial cost method—Entry Age Normal
- Inflation—2.50%
- Future ad hoc cost-of-living increases—None
- Salary increases—Composed of 3.25% wage inflation, including 2.50% price inflation, plus a service-related component ranging from 0.00% to 8% based on years of service.
- Investment rate of return—7.5%
- Retirement age—Experience-based table of rates based on age, service, and gender. Adopted by the Board in May 2015 in conjunction with the 5-year experience study for the period ending June 30, 2014.
- Mortality rates after retirement—Males: RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table for Males with White Collar Adjustments. Generational mortality improvements in accordance with Scale BB from table's base year of 2000. Females: GRS Southwest Region Teacher Mortality Table, scaled at 105%. Generational mortality improvements in accordance with Scale BB from the table's base year of 2012.
- Mortality rates for active members—RP-2000 Employee Mortality tables, with male rates multiplied by 60% and female rates multiplied by 50%.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic expected real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2019, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Asset <u>Allocation</u>	Long-Term Expected Real <u>Rate of Return</u>
Domestic equity	38.50%	7.50%
International equity	19.00%	8.00%
Fixed income	23.50%	2.50%
Real estate*	9.00%	4.50%
Alternative assets	10.00%	6.10%
	100.00%	

*The real estate total expected return is a combination of U.S. Direct Real Estate (unleveraged) and U.S. Value Added Real Estate (unleveraged).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(9) <u>EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PROGRAMS, CONTINUED</u>

Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, Continued

Discount Rate—A single discount rate of 7.5% was used to measure the total pension liability as of June 30, 2019. This single discount rate was based solely on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.5%. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows, the pension plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were projected to be available to finance all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member and employer contributions will be made at the current statutory levels and remain a level percentage of payrolls. The projection of cash flows also assumed that the State's contribution plus the matching contributions will remain a constant percent of projected member payroll based on the past 5 years of actual contributions.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate—The following presents the net pension liability of the University calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the University's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.5%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.5%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.5%)	Current Discount <u>Rate (7.5%)</u>	1% Increase (8.5%)
The University's net pension liability	\$ 13,499,199	9,579,952	6,301,307

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position—Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report of OTRS, which can be obtained at <u>www.ok.gov/TRS</u>.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(10) OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

The University participates in one employee OPEB plan as follows:

Name of Plan/System

Type of Plan

Supplemental Health Insurance Plan (OTRS)	
---	--

Cost Sharing Multiple Employer— Defined Benefit Plan

Supplemental Health Insurance Plan (OTRS)

Plan Description—The University as the employer, participates in the Supplemental Health Insurance Plan—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered OTRS. Title 74 O.S. Sec. 1316.3 defines the health insurance benefits. The authority to establish and amend benefit provisions rests with the State Legislature. OTRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <u>www.ok.gov/TRS</u>.

Benefits Provided—OTRS pays a medical insurance supplement to eligible members who elect to continue their employer provided health insurance. The supplement payment is between \$100 and \$105 per month, remitted to the Oklahoma Higher Education Employee Interlocal Group (OKHEEI), provided the member has ten (10) years of Oklahoma service prior to retirement.

Contributions—Employer and employee contributions are made based upon the OTRS Plan provisions contained in Title 70, as amended. However, the statutes do not specify or identify any particular contribution source to pay the health insurance subsidy. Based on the contribution requirements of Title 70, employers and employees contribute a single amount based on a single contribution rate as described in Note 9; from this amount, OTRS allocates a portion of the contributions to the supplemental health insurance plan. The cost of the supplemental health insurance plan averages 0.13% of normal cost, as determined by an actuarial valuation for 2020. Contributions allocated to the OPEB plan from the University were \$1,265.

OPEB Asset, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB—At June 30, 2020, the University reported an asset of \$89,534 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB asset. The net OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB asset used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The University's proportion of the net OPEB asset was based on the University's contributions received by the OPEB plan relative to the total contributions received by the OPEB plan for all participating employers as of June 30, 2019. Based upon this information, the University's proportion was 0.1448%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(10) OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS, CONTINUED

Supplemental Health Insurance Plan (OTRS), Continued

OPEB Asset, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB, Continued—

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the University recognized OPEB expense of \$11,225. At June 30, 2020, the University reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of <u>Resources</u>		Deferred Inflows of <u>Resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	32,726
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		-	12,847
Changes in University's proportionate share of contributions		852	-
University contributions during measurement date		11,283	-
University contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,265	
	\$	13,400	45,573

The \$1,265 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from University contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net OPEB asset in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense (benefit) as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	
2020	\$ (13,422)
2021	(13,422)
2022	(4,567)
2023	104
2024	(1,701)
Thereafter	 (430)
	\$ (33,438)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(10) OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS, CONTINUED

Supplemental Health Insurance Plan (OTRS), Continued

Actuarial Assumption—The net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2020, was determined based on an actuarial valuation prepared as if June 30, 2019, using the following actuarial assumptions:

- Actuarial cost method—Entry Age Normal
- Inflation—2.5%
- Future ad hoc cost-of-living increases—None
- Salary increases—Composed of 3.25% inflation, including 2.50% price inflation, plus a service-related component ranging from 0.00% to 8.00% based on years of service.
- Investment rate of return—7.50%
- Retirement age—Experience-based table of rates based on age, service, and gender. Adopted by the Board in May 2015 in conjunction with the 5-year experience study for the period ending June 30, 2014.
- Mortality rates after retirement—Males: RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table for males with White Collar Adjustments. Generational mortality improvements in accordance with Scale BB from table's base year of 2000. Females: GRS Southwest Region Teacher Mortality Table, scaled at 105%. Generational mortality improvements in accordance with Scale BB from the table's base year of 2012.
- Mortality rates for active members—RP-2000 Employer Mortality tables, with male rates multiplied by 60% and female rates multiplied by 50%.
- Healthcare Cost Trend Rate—not applicable as the benefit provided is a set dollar amount not impacted by healthcare costs.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(10) OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS, CONTINUED

Supplemental Health Insurance Plan (OTRS), Continued

Actuarial Assumptions, Continued—

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic expected real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2019, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Asset <u>Allocation</u>	Long-Term Expected Real <u>Rate of Return</u>
Domestic equity	38.50%	7.50%
International equity	19.00%	8.50%
Fixed income	23.50%	2.50%
Real estate*	9.00%	4.50%
Alternative assets	<u>10.00</u> %	6.10%
	<u>100.00</u> %	

*The real estate total expected return is a combination of U.S. Direct Real Estate (unleveraged) and U.S. Value Added Real Estate (unleveraged).

Discount Rate—A single discount rate of 7.5% was used to measure the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2019. This single discount rate was based solely on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 7.5%. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were projected to be available to finance all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the net OPEB asset. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member and employer contributions will be made at the current statutory levels and remain a level percentage of payrolls. The projection of cash flows also assumed that the State's contribution plus the matching contributions will remain a constant percent of projected member payroll based on the past 5 years of actual contributions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(10) OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS, CONTINUED

Supplemental Health Insurance Plan (OTRS), Continued

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate—The following presents net OPEB asset of the University calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the University's net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.5%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.5%) than the current rate:

	Current				
	1%	Decrease	Discount	1% Increase	
		<u>(6.5%)</u>	<u>Rate (7.5%)</u>	(8.5%)	
The University's net OPEB asset	\$	(30,002)	(89,534)	(140,399)	

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position—Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report of OTRS, which can be obtained at <u>www.ok.gov/TRS</u>.

(11) <u>COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES</u>

Grants and Contracts

The University participates in certain federal grant programs. These programs are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantor or its representative. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grant. Management believes disallowances, if any, would not be significant.

The University participates in the Federal Direct Student Loans Program ("Direct Lending Program"). The Direct Lending Program requires the University to draw down cash from the U.S. Department of Education, as well as perform certain administrative functions. Failure to perform such functions may require the University to reimburse the U.S. Department of Education. For the year ended June 30, 2020, approximately \$2,423,000 of Direct Lending Program loans were provided to students of the University.

Others

The University has commitments for outstanding purchase orders at June 30, 2020, in the amount of approximately \$362,000.

During prior years, the University entered into certain service contracts which allowed for upfront payments to be made to the University. If the University terminates these contracts early, the payments must be refunded to the service provider on a pro rata basis.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(11) <u>COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES, CONTINUED</u>

COVID-19

The novel coronavirus ("COVID-19"), which was declared a global health emergency in January 2020 and a pandemic in March 2020, has caused significant changes in political and economic conditions around the world, including disruptions and volatility in the global capital markets. In response, the State of Oklahoma and local municipalities, including the city of Chickasha, Oklahoma, have taken various preventative or protective actions, such as imposing restrictions on business operations and advising or requiring individuals to limit or forgo their time outside of their homes. These issues impacted the operations of the University during the year ended June 30, 2020, including instituting remote work requirements for some employees and remote classroom learning for the University's students. In May 2020, the University was awarded approximately \$1,021,000 of additional federal funding as part of the CARES Act that is available to help offset the impact that COVID-19 had on the University's operations. The University's management have considered the economic implications of the COVID-19 pandemic in making critical and significant accounting estimates included in the June 30, 2020, financial statements.

The extent to which the COVID-19 pandemic may impact the University will depend on future developments which are uncertain, such as the duration of the outbreak, additional governmental mandates issued to mitigate the spread of the disease, business closures, economic disruptions, and the effectiveness of actions taken to contain and treat the virus. Accordingly, the COVID-19 pandemic may have a negative impact on the University's future operations, the size and duration of which is difficult to predict. The University's management will continue to actively monitor the situation and may take further actions altering operations that management determines are in the best interests of its employees, stakeholders, and students, or as required by federal, state, or local authorities.

(12) <u>RISK MANAGEMENT</u>

The University is exposed to various risks of loss from torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; employee injuries and illnesses; natural disasters; and employee health, life and accident benefits. Commercial insurance coverage is purchased for claims arising from such matters other than torts, property, and workers' compensation. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the 3 preceding years.

The University, along with other state agencies and political subdivisions, participates in the State of Oklahoma Risk Management Program and the State Insurance Fund (public entity risk pools currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for its members). The University pays an annual premium to the pools for its torts, property, and workers' compensation insurance coverage. The governing agreement for the Oklahoma Risk Management Pool specifies that the pool will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial carriers for claims in excess of specified stop-loss amounts.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(12) <u>RISK MANAGEMENT, CONTINUED</u>

The University also participates in the College Association of Liability Management (CALM) Workers' Compensation Plan for its workers' compensation coverage. CALM is an interlocal cooperative act agency that was organized to provide workers' compensation insurance coverage for participating colleges and universities through CompSource. CALM is a political subdivision of the State of Oklahoma and is governed by a board of trustees elected from members of the participating colleges and universities.

(13) <u>SERVICE CONCESSION ARRANGEMENTS</u>

The University has contracted with outside vendors to provide for certain auxiliary services related to food service and bookstore operations in order to provide these services more efficiently and in a more cost effective manner. Advance contract payments of \$50,000 are recorded as deferred inflows on the statements of net position. The food service contract is for 10 years and is being amortized over 8 years at \$50,000 per year. Upon early cancellation, the unamortized portion of each contract is refundable to the vendor. Additional rights and obligations concerning facility maintenance, equipment, inventories, rates, and other operating or cancellation provisions are specified in each contract.

(14) UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND ARTS OF OKLAHOMA FOUNDATION, INC.

The Foundation was formed and incorporated on April 21, 1977, as a charitable tax-exempt corporation under IRC Section 501(c)(3). The Foundation is also publicly supported under Sections 509(a)(1) and 170(b)(A)(vi) and donors may deduct the contributions they provide under Section 170 and Sections 2055, 2106, and 2522. The purpose of the Foundation is to receive and manage gifts and gift-related income for the benefit of the University.

The financial statements of the Foundation have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting for the year ended June 30, 2020. The stand-alone financial statements of the Foundation are prepared in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board not-for-profit financial statement reporting standards, and the Foundation's stand-alone financial statements have been modified as required to conform their financial presentation to a governmental reporting format.

The assets of the Foundation, as presented in the accompanying financial statements, are in the form of cash of \$818,994 and investments of \$22,142,471. The cash balances are generally in the form of checking accounts and money market accounts and at June 30, 2020, were substantially covered by FDIC insurance. The investment balances are generally held in domestic and international equity investments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

(14) UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND ARTS OF OKLAHOMA FOUNDATION, INC., CONTINUED

The net assets of the Foundation are generally subject to donor-imposed stipulations, and \$12,707,553 of the net assets of the Foundation is restricted for specific purposes or the passage of time at June 30, 2020. Generally, the donors of these assets permit the Foundation to use all or part of the income earned on any related investment for general or specific purposes.

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the Foundation distributed approximately \$1,100,000 to the University for scholarships awarded.

Separately issued audited financial statements of the Foundation are available upon request.

(15) <u>SUBSEQUENT EVENTS</u>

Management performed an evaluation of the University's activities through October 30, 2020, the audit report date, and has concluded that there are no significant subsequent events requiring disclosure through that date.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE UNIVERSITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System

Last 6 Fiscal Years*

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
The University's proportion of the net pension liability	0.1448%	0.1486%	0.1528%	0.1526%	0.1526%	0.1513%
The University's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 9,579,952	8,983,507	10,116,271	12,731,509	9,265,694	8,138,725
The University's covered-employee payroll	\$ 8,040,994	7,559,620	7,444,170	7,555,897	7,444,765	6,227,764
The University's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	119.14%	118.84%	135.90%	168.50%	124.46%	130.68%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	71.56%	72.74%	69.32%	62.24%	70.31%	72.43%

*The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 of the prior year.

Only the last 6 fiscal years are presented because 10-year data is not yet available.

SCHEDULE OF THE UNIVERSITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS

Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System

Last 6 Fiscal Years*						
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 671,569	870,735	817,307	818,449	680,031	636,527
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	671,569	870,735	817,307	818,449	835,554	821,266
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ </u>		<u> </u>			
The University's covered-employee payroll	\$ 7,881,473	8,040,994	7,559,620	7,444,170	7,555,897	7,444,765
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	8.52% *	10.83% *	10.81% *	10.99%	11.06%	11.03%

*The fund implemented GASB 75 for OPEB effective July 1, 2017; therefore, this amount represents the net percentage for the GASB 68 contribution to OTRS. When combined with the supplemental health insurance plan percentage for OPEB contributions to OTRS, the total amount contributed to OTRS was approximately 11% for 2019 and 2018, approximately 9% for 2020.

Only the last 6 fiscal years are presented because 10-year data is not yet available.

SCHEDULE OF THE UNIVERSITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB ASSET Supplemental Health Insurance Program—OTRS

Last 3 Fiscal Years			
	2020	2019	2018
The University's proportion of the net OPEB asset	0.1448%	0.1486%	0.1528%
The University's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$ 89,534	96,054	68,132
The University's covered-employee payroll	8,040,994	7,559,620	7,444,170
The University's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	1.11%	1.27%	0.92%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB asset	115.07%	115.41%	110.40%

*The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 of the prior year.

Only the last 3 fiscal years are presented because 10-year data is not yet available.

Supplemental Health Insurance Program—O	TRS			
Last 3 Fiscal Years				
		2020	2019	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$	1,265	5,873	12,977
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		1,265	5,873	12,977
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
The University's covered-employee payroll		7,881,473	8,040,994	7,559,620
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		0.02%	0.07%	0.17%

SCHEDULE OF THE UNIVERSITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS Supplemental Health Insurance Program—OTRS

Only the last 3 fiscal years are presented because 10-year data is not yet available.

INFORMATION REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS AND THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Regents University of Science and Arts of Oklahoma Chickasha, Oklahoma

We have audited the financial statements of the University of Science and Arts of Oklahoma (the "University"), a component unit of the State of Oklahoma, which comprise the statements of net position as of June 30, 2020, and the related statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 30, 2020. We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our report includes a reference to the financial statements of the University of Science and Arts of Oklahoma Foundation, Inc. (the "Foundation"), the University's discretely presented component unit, as described in our report on the University's financial statements. The financial statements of the Foundation were audited by other auditors and were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, and accordingly, this report does not include reporting on internal control over financial reporting or instances of reportable noncompliance associated with the Foundation. Our report includes a paragraph disclaiming an opinion on required supplementary information.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the University's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the University's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

(Continued)

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS, CONTINUED

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting, Continued

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the University's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the University's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Finlay + Cook, PLLC

Shawnee, Oklahoma October 30, 2020



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE <u>REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE</u>

Board of Regents University of Science and Arts of Oklahoma Chickasha, Oklahoma

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the University of Science and Arts of Oklahoma's (the "University") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the University's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. The University's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the University's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the University's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the University's compliance.

(Continued)

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE, CONTINUED

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the University complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the University is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the University's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance with a type of compliance control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Finlay + Cook, PLLC

Shawnee, Oklahoma October 30, 2020

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Year Ended June 30, 2020

Grant Number/ Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number P007A193462	Passed Through to Subrecipients (No Subrecipients)	Total Federal Expenditures
Entity Identifying Number P007A193462	to Subrecipients	
Identifying Number P007A193462	Subrecipients	
Number P007A193462	r	
P007A193462	(No Subrecipients)	Expenditures
D000 + 100 /	N/A	\$ 59,069
P033A193462	N/A	
P033A183462		269,750
P063P182044	N/A	
P063P192044		1,990,939
	N/A	2 422 000
P268K202044		2,422,908
		4,742,666
P425E202338	N/A	482,000
P031A150019	N/A	198,322
P382C160008	N/A	303,708
		502,030
		5,726,696
	P268K192044 P268K202044 P425E202338 P031A150019	P268K192044 N/A P268K202044 N/A P425E202338 N/A P031A150019 N/A

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Year Ended June 30, 2020

(1) **BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the University of Science and Arts of Oklahoma (the "University) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles,* and *Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the University, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the University.

(2) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

The University elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance for the year ended June 30, 2020.

(3) FEDERAL DIRECT STUDENT LOANS PROGRAM

Under the Federal Direct Student Loans Program ("Direct Loan Program"), the U.S. Department of Education makes loans to enable a student or parent to pay the costs of the student's attendance at a postsecondary school. The Direct Loan Program enables an eligible student or parent to obtain a loan to pay for the student's cost of attendance directly from the U.S. Department of Education rather than through private lenders. The University administers the origination and disbursement of the loans to eligible students or parents. The University is not responsible for the collection of these loans.

(4) <u>LOANS OUTSTANDING</u>

The University had the following loan balances outstanding at June 30, 2020. During the year ended June 30, 2020, the University did not issue any new Perkins loans.

	Federal CFDA	Amount	
Cluster/Program Title	<u>Number</u>	<u>Outstanding</u>	
Federal Perkins Loan Program	84.038	\$	68,828

(5) <u>SUBRECIPIENTS</u>

The University provided no federal awards to subrecipients during the year ended June 30, 2020.

SCHEDULE OF STATE AWARDS

Year Ended June 30, 2020

State Grantor/ Program Title	Contract <u>Number</u>	Contract <u>Period</u>	<u>Ex</u> j	State penditures
Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education:				
OK Tuition Aid Grant (OTAG)	N/A	7/1/19-6/30/20	\$	129,365
OK Higher Learning Access Program (OHLAP)	N/A	7/1/19-6/30/20		866,236
			\$	995,601

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Year Ended June 30, 2020

SECTION I—SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodif	fied
Internal control over financial reporting:		
Material weakness(es) identified?	□ Yes	🗹 No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	□ Yes	☑ None Reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	□ Yes	🗹 No
Federal Awards		
Internal control over major programs:		
Material weakness(es) identified?	□ Yes	🗹 No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	□ Yes	☑ None Reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for the major federal programs:	Unmodif	ïed
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	□ Yes	1 No
Identification of major federal programs:		
Federal CFDA		

Number	Name of Federal Program or Cluster	
84.007, 84.033, 84.063, and 84.268	Student Financial Assistance Cluster	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish betw	ween type A and type B programs: \$750,000	

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS, CONTINUED

Year Ended June 30, 2020

SECTION II—FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None noted.

SECTION III—FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None noted.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

Year Ended June 30, 2020

No findings were noted for the year ended June 30, 2019.